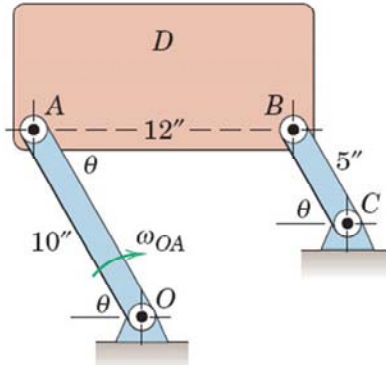


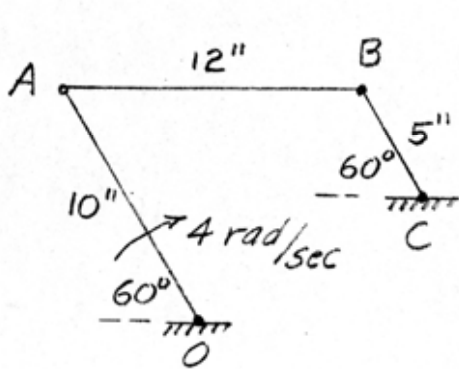
Solution of Relative-Acceleration Eq.: Exercise

Calculate the **angular acceleration** of the plate, where **AO** has a constant **angular velocity** $\omega_{OA} = 4 \text{ rad/s}$ and $\theta = 60^\circ$ for both links.



ME 231: Dynamics

5/134 $v_A = r\omega = 10(4) = 40 \text{ in./sec} = v_B$



$$\underline{a}_B = \underline{a}_A + (\underline{a}_{B/A})_n + (\underline{a}_{B/A})_t$$

$$\omega_{AB} = 0 \text{ so } (\underline{a}_{B/A})_n = 0$$

$$a_A = 10(4^2) = 160 \text{ in./sec}^2$$

$$(\underline{a}_B)_n = v_B^2 / \overline{BC} = 40^2 / 5 = 320 \frac{\text{in.}}{\text{sec}^2}$$

$$(\underline{a}_{B/A})_t = \frac{160}{\cos 30^\circ} = 185 \frac{\text{in.}}{\text{sec}^2}$$

$$\alpha_{AB} = \frac{185}{12} = 15.40 \text{ rad/sec}^2 \text{ CW}$$

