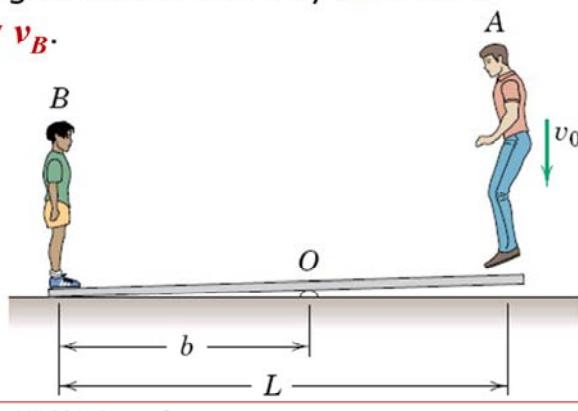


Impulse-Momentum for Rigid Bodies: Exercise 2

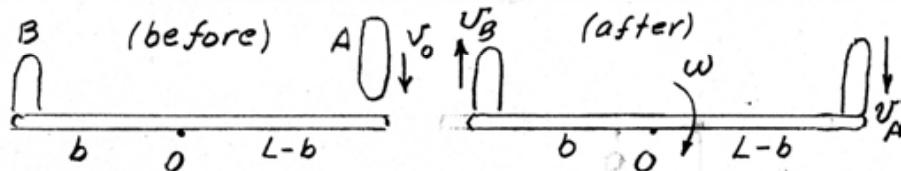
The man **A** of **mass m_A** drops with **velocity v_0** onto the end of a light beam. The boy **B** is sent up with a **velocity v_B** .

Determine **b** in terms of **L** to maximize the **v_B** for a given ratio **$n = m_B/m_A$** .



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$$\text{Before: } H_o = m_A v_0 (L-b)$$

$$\text{After: } H_o = m_A v_A (L-b) + m_B v_B b$$

$$\Delta H_o = 0 \text{ along with } \omega = v_B/b = v_A/(L-b) \text{ give}$$

$$m_A v_0 (L-b) = m_A \frac{L-b}{b} v_B (L-b) + m_B v_B b$$

$$v_B = v_0 \frac{\frac{1}{b}}{\frac{L-b}{b} + n \frac{b}{L-b}} \text{ where } n = m_B/m_A$$

$$\frac{dv_B}{db} = v_0 \frac{-\left(\frac{L}{b^2} + n \frac{L-b-b(1-1)}{(L-b)^2}\right)}{\left(\frac{L-b}{b} + n \frac{b}{L-b}\right)^2} = v_0 \frac{\frac{L}{b^2} - \frac{n}{(L-b)^2}}{\left(\frac{L-b}{b} + n \frac{b}{L-b}\right)^2} = 0$$

$$\text{so } \frac{1}{b^2} = \frac{n}{(L-b)^2}, \quad b = \frac{L}{1 \pm \sqrt{n}} \quad (+ \text{ sign gives positive } v_B)$$

$$\text{Thus } b = \frac{L}{1+\sqrt{n}} \quad \text{which gives } v_B = \frac{v_0}{2\sqrt{n}}$$