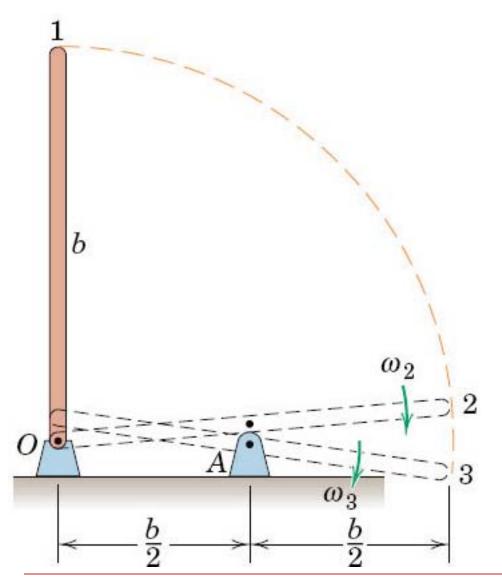


# **Question of the Day**



A slender bar of **mass** m and **length** b is released from rest and pivots at O until the bar strikes A and then pivots at A. The **angular velocity** O<sub>2</sub> =  $(3g/b)^{1/2}$  just before it engages the pivot at A.

Determine the **angular velocity**  $\omega_3$  of the bar just after it engages the pivot at A.

# **Outline for Today**

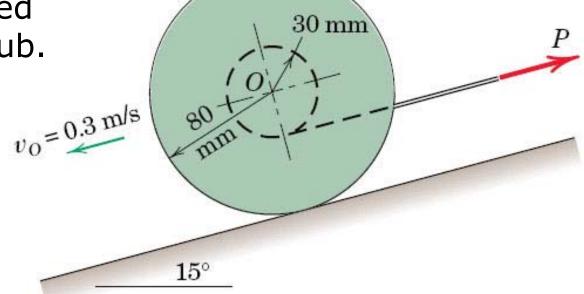
- Question of the day
- Impulse-momentum for rigid bodies: exercises
- Answer your questions!

# **Impulse-Momentum for Rigid Bodies: Exercise 1**

The **2-kg** wheel, with **radius of gyration** about O of **60 mm**, rolls without slipping down the incline with a **velocity**  $v_0 = 0.3$  **m/s** when a

**force** P = 10 N is applied to the cord wrapped around its inner hub.

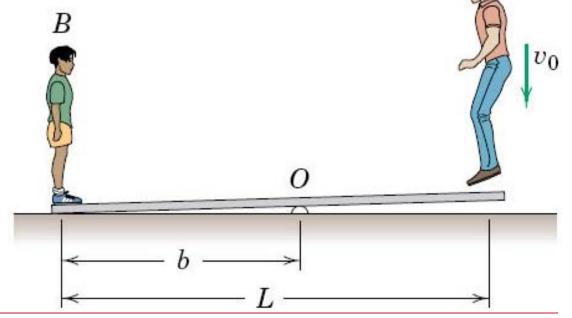
Determine the **velocity** v of the **center** O when P has been applied for S.



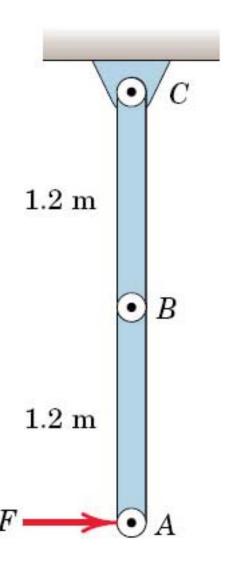
# **Impulse-Momentum for Rigid Bodies: Exercise 2**

The man A of **mass**  $m_A$  drops with **velocity**  $v_0$  onto the end of a light beam. The boy B is sent up with a **velocity**  $v_B$ .

Determine b in terms of L to maximize the  $v_B$  for a given ratio  $n = m_B/m_A$ .



# **Impulse-Momentum for Rigid Bodies: Exercise 3**



Two slender bars, each with *mass* of *4 kg*, are at rest and hinged at *B* and *C*. An *impulse* of *14 N·s* is applied to the *end A* for *0.1 s*.

Determine the **angular velocity**  $\omega_2$  of the **upper bar** immediately after the **impulse**.

# **Outline for Today**

- Question of the day
- Impulse-momentum for rigid bodies: exercises
- Answer your questions!

### For Next Time...

- Continue Homework #11 due on Wednesday (11/14)
- Review Chapters 5 & 8